♕ Soviet Chess Framework

Multi-Agent System for Software Development and Operation

Version 2.0 — April 2026 | David Pineda | Sumud Project

1. The Problem

A single AI agent writing code hits three walls:

Context Loss
When a large task is split into subtasks, each subtask loses context about the whole. Result: subagents guess imports, miss dependencies, generate incompatible code.

Observed: 138 compilation errors from incorrect import guessing (Sumud, 2026-04-08)

Error Accumulation
Writing 5 files then compiling means errors multiply. 1 wrong import in file 1 cascades to 138 errors across 5 files. Fixing takes 30 minutes instead of 1.

Root cause: no intermediate verification between file generations

Role Confusion
A single agent tries to architect, implement, test, review, and deploy simultaneously. It optimizes for the last instruction, not the holistic quality.

Ref: Qian et al. (2023) — role separation reduces hallucination by 66%

2. The Solution: Three Layers

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LAYER 3: PRODUCTION — Agents that OPERATE the product
  ♚ Rey:     Content strategy, campaigns, crisis response
  ♛ Reina:   Ethical gate, content quality review
  ♜ Torre:   Publishing to social media channels
  ♝ Alfil:   Community engagement, moderation
  ♞ Caballo: Sentiment analysis, anomaly detection
  ♟ Peon:    Data sync, scheduled maintenance

LAYER 2: DEVELOPMENT — Agents that BUILD the product
  ♚ Rey:     Architecture decisions, task decomposition
  ♛ Reina:   Code review, security gate
  ♜ Torre:   Backend implementation
  ♝ Alfil:   Frontend implementation
  ♞ Caballo: Testing (unit, integration, E2E)
  ♟ Peon:    Build, deploy, CI/CD

LAYER 1: INFRASTRUCTURE — Shared tools and communication
  MCP Server | Blackboard | Git | Database | Compiler | Test Runner
```

Key: Each layer uses the same 6 chess pieces but for different domains. Development agents build the code. Production agents run the product. Infrastructure is shared.

3. The Agents

PIECE	ROLE	CAN DO	CANNOT DO	COGNITIVE MODEL
♚ **Rey**	Architect	Read code, write decisions, decompose tasks	Write code, deploy, commit	System 2: slow, deliberate (Kahneman)
♛ **Reina**	Reviewer	Read code, review diffs, run tests (read-only)	Write code, deploy	Dual-process: fast heuristics + slow analysis
♜ **Torre**	Backend	Read/write backend code, run compiler	Deploy, merge to main, modify CI	Pattern-matching for CRUD, deep for novel logic
♝ **Alfil**	Frontend	Read/write UI code, run type checker	Deploy, modify backend	Visual + structural (components, layouts)
♞ **Caballo**	Tester	Read code, write tests, run test suite	Write production code	Adversarial: finds bugs, not confirms success
♟ **Peon**	DevOps	Run deploy scripts, manage infra	Write application code	Procedural: follows protocols precisely

> **Principle of Minimal Authority** (Saltzer & Schroeder, 1975): Each agent has the minimum capabilities for its role. Torre cannot deploy. Caballo cannot write production code. This prevents entire classes of errors.

4. Communication: The Blackboard

Agents don't talk to each other directly. They read and write to a shared blackboard. This prevents context loss — the #1 problem in multi-agent systems.

Import Map Protocol (prevents the 138-error problem)

Before splitting any large file, Torre writes an **import map** to the blackboard. Every submodule reads this map to get correct imports. No guessing.

```
BEFORE refactoring traveler_bot.rs (3675 lines):

1. Torre reads entire file
```

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2. Torre extracts: imports, public functions, cross-references
3. Torre writes import_map.json to blackboard
4. For each submodule:
   a. Read import_map from blackboard
   b. Write ONE file
   c. cargo check  ← CRITICAL: verify IMMEDIATELY
   d. Fix any errors
   e. Proceed to next file
```
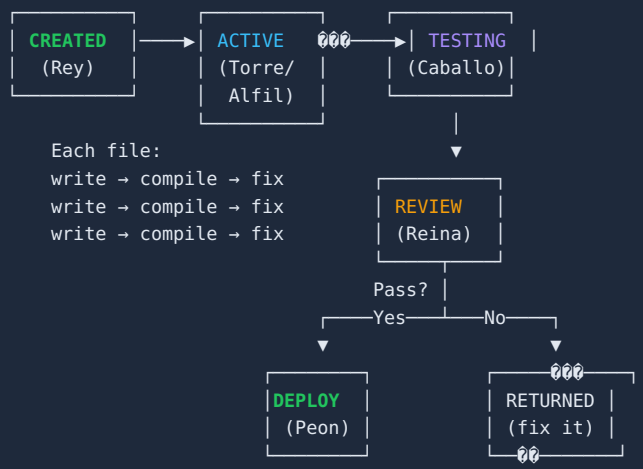

5. Task Lifecycle



Contracts: Pre and Post Conditions

Every task has machine-verifiable conditions. If postconditions fail, the task is not done.

Preconditions (before starting)

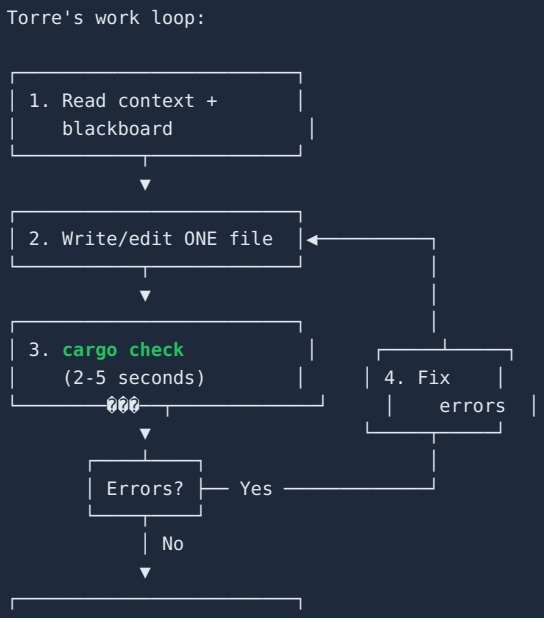
- Code compiles
- All tests pass
- File exists / function exists

Postconditions (must be true when done)

- Code compiles **(mandatory)**
- All tests pass **(mandatory)**
- New code has tests
- No file exceeds 1500 LOC

6. The Core Loop: Generate-Check-Fix

THE #1 RULE: Compile after EVERY file. Never write multiple files before checking. The cost of checking early is 5 seconds. The cost of 138 accumulated errors is 30+ minutes.



```
| 5. Signal: file ready   |
|    Proceed to next file |
└─────────────────────────┘
```

7. Quality Framework

Architectural Invariants (never violated)

ID	RULE	WHY
INV-1	No file > 1500 LOC	Large files = context loss for agents and humans
INV-2	No function > 80 LOC	Long functions = untestable, unreadable
INV-3	SQL parameterized only	Prevents SQL injection (OWASP #1)
INV-4	Auth on all admin endpoints	Prevents unauthorized access
INV-5	Every endpoint has a test	No test = no confidence = no deploy
INV-6	No secrets in code	Env vars only — secrets rotate
INV-7	No auto-publish without approval	Humans approve public-facing content

Health Score

```
Score = weighted average of 6 metrics (0-100):

Files under LOC limit      (25%)  ▓▓▓
```

8. Cross-Layer Interactions

Production finds a bug → Development fixes it

```
LAYER 3 (Production):
  ♞ Caballo detects: "Instagram sync failing for 2 hours"
       |
       ▼ SIGNAL: incident/sync-failure.yaml
─────────────────────────────────────────────
LAYER 2 (Development):
  ♚ Rey reads incident → creates task with contract
       |
       ▼
  ♜ Torre implements fix → cargo check → cargo test
       |
       ▼
  ♞ Caballo writes regression test
       |
       ▼
  ♛ Reina reviews → approved
       |
       ▼
  ♟ Peon deploys
       |
       ▼ SIGNAL: fix deployed
─────────────────────────────────────────────
LAYER 3 (Production):
  ♞ Caballo verifies: sync restored ✓
```

Development enhances Production agents

```
Dev-Rey decides: "Soviet Torre needs Instagram Reels support"
     |
     ▼
Dev-Torre implements: publish_reel() in broadcaster.rs
Dev-Caballo writes: integration test for Reels endpoint
Dev-Reina reviews: security ✓, tests ✓, quality ✓
♟ Dev-Peon deploys new binary
     |
     ▼
Prod-Torre now has Reels capability
Prod-Rey updates content strategy to include Reels
```

9. How to Start

For an existing project:

Step 1: Copy the Sumudfiles/ directory to your project root.
Step 2: Open Claude Code and say:
"*Read Sumudfiles/framework/adoption.md. We're using Soviet Chess. As Rey, audit this codebase and give me a health score.*"
Step 3: Follow the priorities Rey identifies.
Step 4: At the end of each session, generate a postmortem.

For a new project:

Step 1: Copy Sumudfiles/ to your project root.
Step 2: Fill in Sumudfiles/templates/stack-profile.yaml with your stack.

Step 3: Open Claude Code and say:
"*Using Soviet Chess Framework, as Rey design the initial architecture for: [describe your project]. Create skeleton with proper module boundaries.*"

Incremental adoption (for skeptics):

WEEK	ADOPT	AGENT	EFFORT
1	Compile after every file edit	Torre	Zero — just discipline
2	Write 1 test per new endpoint	Caballo	5 min per endpoint
3	Run security checklist before commit	Reina	2 min per commit
4	Split any file > 1500 LOC	Rey	1-2 hours per file
5+	Full framework with contracts	All	Built into workflow

10. References

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